# Subtraction Using LEGO ${ }^{\circledR}$ Bricks <br> Chapter Assessments <br> Answer Key 

Chapter 1

1. 12-5 = 7 Minuend is 12
2. $7-5=2$ Subtrahend is 5
3. 12-7=5 Difference is 5
4. $8-5=$ $\qquad$
Two different models, each one showing a correct solution to the problem:
Both models show 8 black studs on the lower level and 5 red studs stacked on top of the 8, leaving 3 black studs uncovered. The left model is in a $2 \times 4$ configuration; the right model is in a $1 \times 8$ configuration.
$8-5=3$

5. 11-3 = 8

Drawing outlines 11 black studs (minuend of 11) on the lower level and 3 red studs (subtrahend of 3) on top of the 11 black studs, leaving 8 black studs uncovered (difference of 8).


## Chapter 2

## 1. 7-2

7 is minuend; 2 is subtrahend
Black outlines a ten-frame. Red outlines 7 red studs (the minuend of 7 ). Blue outlines 2 blue studs (the subtrahend of 2 ), placed on top of the red bricks. The difference of 5 is shown by the 5 red studs left uncovered.

2. The 12 orange bricks represent the minuend in the model.
3. The model shows the minuend of 13 as 13 green studs on two ten-frames ( 10 studs on one ten-frame and 3 studs on a second ten-frame). The subtrahend of 8 is shown as 8 red studs stacked on top of the 13 green studs. The difference is shown by the 5 green studs left uncovered. The difference is 5 .


## 4. $12-7=5$

Which number is the minuend? 12
Which number is the difference? 5
Which number is the subtrahend? 7

## Chapter 3

1. $12-8=$ $\qquad$
The minuend of 12 is shown as 12 studs ( $2 \times 6$ brick) outlined in black on the M diagram. The subtrahend of 8 is shown as 8 studs ( $2 \times 4$ brick) outlined in red on the $S$ diagram. The D diagram is blank to show that the difference is the missing term.

2. 20 - $\qquad$ $=6$
The minuend of 20 is shown as 20 studs ( $2 \times 10$ brick) outlined in black on the M diagram. The $S$ diagram is blank to show that the subtrahend is the missing term. The difference of 6 is shown as 6 studs ( $2 \times 3$ brick) outlined in blue on the D diagram.


M


D
3. $\qquad$ $-12=4$
The $M$ diagram is blank to show that the minuend is the missing term.
The subtrahend of 12 is shown as 12 studs ( $2 \times 6$ brick) outlined in black on the $S$ diagram. The difference of 4 is shown as 4 studs ( $2 \times 2$ brick) outlined in blue on the D diagram.

4. $10-3-5=$ $\qquad$
The minuend of 10 is shown as 10 black studs.
The subtrahend of 3 is shown as 3 red studs.
The subtrahend of 5 is shown as 5 blue studs.
The D diagram is blank to show that the difference is the missing term.


## Chapter 4

1. 26-17

Model the problem:


Match up the tens


Remove the tens to leave one 10 and 6 ones minus 7 ones


Since 7 is larger than 6, decompose the 10 into 10 ones


Stack the bricks showing the subtrahend of 7 on top of the minuend of 16


Remove the matching bricks to show the solution: the difference of 9 or $27-16=9$

2. $34-16=$ $\qquad$
Model the problem:


Match up the tens and remove them, leaving 24-6


Since 6 is greater than 4, decompose one of the tens into ones


Stack the 6 bricks showing the subtrahend on top of the 24 bricks showing the minuend of 24


Remove the matching bricks to show the bricks 18 left uncovered The difference is 18
$34-16=18$


## 3. 23-14

Model the problem:


Match up the tens and remove them, leaving 13-4


Since 4 is greater than 3, decompose the ten into ones


Stack the bricks showing the subtrahend of 4 on top of the bricks showing the minuend of 13


Remove the matching bricks to show the 9 bricks left uncovered The difference is 9 $23-14=9$


## Chapter 5

1. $15-6=$ $\qquad$
This model of problem uses ten-frames (can also be modeled with $1 \times 10$ strips). 15 green studs model the minuend and 6 red studs model the subtrahend.


Stack red bricks showing subtrahend of 6 on top of green bricks on ten-frames showing minuend of 15 . The difference of 9 is shown by the 9 green studs left uncovered.

2. 20-3 = $\qquad$
Model of problem:
20 green studs on two ten-frames model the minuend of 20.3 red studs model the subtrahend of 3 .


Stack the 3 red studs (subtrahend of 3 ) on top of the 20 green studs (minuend of 20). The difference of 17 is shown by the 17 green studs left uncovered.

3. Math sentences that are not correct:
$15-6=8$
$14-9=6$

## 4. Correct solutions:

$15-6=9$ If you decompose 15 into 15 ones and match up 6 studs on top of the 15 , there are 9 studs left uncovered.
$14-9=5$ If you decompose 14 into 14 ones and match up 9 studs on top of the 14 , there are 5 studs left uncovered.

## Chapter 6

1. $12-5=7$

12 is the minuend.
5 is the subtrahend.
7 is the difference.
2. $10-2=8$

10 is the minuend.
2 is the subtrahend.
8 is the difference.
3. 9 - $\qquad$ $=3$
Modeled using ten-frames:
Model nine studs on a ten-frame


Add studs on top of minuend studs until 3 studs are left uncovered. The red studs show the change unknown number of 6 .
$9-6=3$


Or modeled using three $1 \times 10$ strips:
9 studs on left strip, no studs on center strip, 3 studs on right strip


Take enough studs off the left strip to match the left and right strips. Put those studs on the center strip.


Model the completed problem: $9-6=3$


1. $\qquad$ $-7=2$
Model the problem:
No studs on the left strip, 7 studs on the center strip, 2 studs on the right strip


Take the studs off the center and right strip, and stack them on top of the left strip. There are now 9 studs on the left strip, so 9 is the solution.


Model all three parts of the problem:
$9-7=2$

2. Students create their own problems, so solutions will vary
3. $\qquad$ $-2=5$
Model the problem:
No studs on the left strip, 2 studs on the center strip, 5 studs on the right strip


Take the studs off the center and right strip, and stack them on top of the left strip. There are now 7 studs on the left strip, so 7 is the solution.


Model all three parts of the problem:
$7-2=5$

4. (Start numbers in red)
$6-4=2$
$12-5=7$
$22-16=6$

